



Subject:	Housing Land Availability Monitor Report
Date:	15 November 2022
Reporting Officer:	Kate Bentley, Director of Planning and Building Control
Contact Officer:	Keith Sutherland, Planning Manager (Plans & Policy)

Restricted Reports	
Is this report restricted?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
If Yes, when will the report become unrestricted?	
After Committee Decision	<input type="checkbox"/>
After Council Decision	<input type="checkbox"/>
Some time in the future	<input type="checkbox"/>
Never	<input type="checkbox"/>

Call-in	
Is the decision eligible for Call-in?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>

1.0	Purpose of Report or Summary of Main Issues
1.1	<p>To provide an overview of the Council's Housing Land Availability Summary Report for the 2021/22 monitoring period.</p> <p>The report presents the outcomes of annual housing land monitoring and provides a snapshot of the amount of land available for new residential development as of 01 April 2021. It will be supported by an online map portal showing the status of all existing housing monitor sites. The map portal will also spatially reflect key information contained within the tables of the report.</p>

2.0	Recommendation
2.1	The Committee is asked to note the outcomes of the annual Housing Monitor report for 2021/22 contained at Appendix 1 and the intention to publish this summary document and accompanying online map portal on the Council's website.
3.0	Main Report
3.1	Background <p>Members are reminded that the Planning Act (NI) 2011 requires the Council to make an annual report to the Department for Infrastructure (DfI) outlining the extent to which the objectives set out in the Local Development Plan (LDP) are being achieved. As the Council are currently preparing the first new LDP for Belfast under this new legislation, the production</p>

	<p>of Annual Monitoring Reports has not yet commenced. Instead, annual Housing Land Availability Monitor reports (referred to as the ‘Housing Monitor’ reports) are being prepared by the Council until the new LDP is adopted.</p>
3.2	<p>Housing Land Availability Reports</p> <p>The primary purpose of the Housing Monitor is to inform the formulation of the Council’s new LDP. However, it will also help the Council identify where a shortfall in potential land supply might exist and can inform house-builders on the availability of land that may be suitable for housing.</p>
3.3	<p>The Housing Land Availability Summary Report contained at Appendix 1 presents the headline figures from a register of potential housing land maintained by the Council, based on current planning policy designations and planning permissions. This provides a snapshot of the amount of land available for new homes and capacity for future housing units as of 01 April 2021, as well as providing the net gains in housing units for the 2021/22 period. This differs from the new dwelling completion statistics published routinely by central Government which only provide a total for new build homes, without accounting for units lost as a result of redevelopment.</p>
3.4	<p>This information is summarised within the report in relation to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each settlement within the District, including settlement areas in the case of Belfast City; • Whether land falls within the existing urban footprint¹ or is classified as greenfield land; and • The type of land use zoning (i.e. land zoned for housing or land zoned for mixed use development) or all other land.
3.5	<p>The report will be supported by the online map portal showing the status of all existing housing monitor sites, on the Development Plan and Policy part of the Council website. During the 2021/22 monitoring year 754 units were completed on 20.2 ha of land across the District. 353.4 ha of land remains, with potential capacity for 21,288 residential units. This is based on deliverable planning approvals and land allocated within the development plan, but doesn’t include other potential sites that may be suitable for residential development.</p>
3.6	<p>The total number of dwellings completed in the district has increased by 25.0% from 603 in 2020/21 to 754 in the current monitor year. The proportion of dwellings completed within the Urban Footprint is recorded at 84.5% and, as at 01 April 2022, 35.4% of the remaining potential available for future dwellings is on land zoned for housing or mixed use development.</p>
3.7	<p>It is emphasised that the monitor represents a register of housing land based on policy designations and planning permissions, rather than an accurate picture of all potentially viable housing land.</p>

¹ The continuous built-up area of the settlement.

3.8	<p><u>Finance and Resource Implications</u></p> <p>There are no resource implications associated with this report.</p> <p><u>Asset and Other Implications</u></p> <p>None noted.</p> <p><u>Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment</u></p>
3.9	<p>The Housing Monitor report presents factual information and makes no recommendations relating to the future allocation of land for housing. There are therefore no relevant equality or good relations implications attached to this report.</p>
4.0	Appendices
	Appendix 1 – Belfast Housing Land Availability Summary Report 2021/22