Appendix 1: draft Employment Land Monitor Report 2020/21

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 As part of the preparation of a new Local Development Plan (LDP) for Belfast, the Strategic Planning Policy Statement (SPPS) for NI (September 2015) states that "a system to monitor the take up and loss of land allocated for economic development purposes should be implemented.
- 1.2 The primary purpose of the employment monitor is to inform the formulation of the council's new LDP. However, it will also help the council identify where a shortfall in potential land supply might exist.
- 1.3 The information collated will allow a clear view of the overall progress in meeting the employment objectives of the emerging development plan and in identifying issues likely to require intervention.
- 1.4 The Planning Act (NI) 2011 requires the council to make an annual report to the Department for Infrastructure outlining the extent to which the objectives set out in the LDP are being achieved. Although the new plan is not yet adopted it is still important to report on the availability and take-up of employment land in advance of its adoption.

2 Methodology

2.1 This section will explain the data collection methods used to analyse employment land availability within the district. It provides information relating to employment land data between 01 April 2020 and 31 March 2021. An analysis has been undertaken of all new sites with planning approvals within the periods stated above. The survey identifies and records sites that have been completed, sites that are currently under construction and sites with outstanding planning permission, yet to be implemented. Any existing employment land which was lost to non-employment uses during the monitoring year has also been recorded. Sites identified for the purposes of this report are those that fall within Class B of the Use Classes Order. These are defined as:

Class B1a	General offices			
Class B1b	Call centres			
Class B1c	Research and development			
B2	Light industry			
В3	General industry			
B4	Storage and Distribution			
Mixed Emp*	Mixed employment use			

^{*}Captures schemes that have a mix of employment uses

- 2.2 The process followed to produce the employment land monitor is summarised at Appendix A.
- 2.3 The Monitor presents a register of potential employment land, based on current planning policy designations and planning permissions¹. It is the role of an Urban Capacity Study (UCS) and the Employment Land Review which will be undertaken from time to time, to assess the suitability, availability and achievability of monitored sites to contribute to a viable supply of land.

3 Limitations

- 3.1 The figures included in this document do not include all development. It should therefore be assumed that some refurbishments and other permitted development have been developed and are not included in this document as there is no requirement for such works to be subject to the planning process. Where there has been an application permitted which includes intensification of an existing employment site, i.e. an extension or additional floor to existing employment building, only net additional floorspace is recorded as the site area already exists and would be misrepresentative.
- 3.2 It must also be recognised that the site area for planning applications expressed in hectares has been reduced in some instances to reflect only the site and not the access arrangements as this would have the potential to give misleading results. the results. In a small number of schemes, the floorspace figures were not readily available and estimates of the floorspace gained or lost has been provided based on the existing building footprint and the number of storeys. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this report may not add up precisely to the totals provided.
- 3.3 As this is the first year of publication, the data relates only to one year. It is difficult to identify pattern or trends or make conclusions that might be more apparent with average figures calculated over a longer timeframe.

4 Summary Tables

¹ For the purposes of the employment monitor, the draft Belfast Metropolitan Area Plan (BMAP) 2015 is utilised rather than the former Belfast Urban Area Plan (BUAP) 2001. The adopted BMAP was quashed as a result of a judgement in the Court of Appeal delivered on 18 May 2017 and, although this means the BUAP is now the statutory development plan for the area, the draft BMAP, in its most recent, pre-examination, form remains a significant material consideration in future planning decisions. Draft BMAP therefore refers to that which was purported to be adopted and not the pre-examination draft published in 2004.

The following summary tables detail the uptake and loss of employment space for the monitoring period (01 April 2020-31 Match 2021). The position at the 31st March 2021 in terms of the remaining supply of vacant employment land and as well as committed floorspace gains through extant planning permission for B use classes balanced against committed losses (extant planning permission for alternative uses) for Belfast district is also included. Please note that there will be minor differences in totals due to computerised rounding up of data.

4.1 Belfast LGD overview 01 April 2020- 31 March 2021

Table 1 provides a breakdown for the gains and losses in employment land over the monitoring year period of 01 April 2020 to 31 March 2021. The total amount of floorspace competed was 2724 sq. metres, almost all of which was use class B1A general offices.

4.2 Belfast LGD extant and under construction overview

Table 2 provides overall totals for schemes where development is on-going and where planning permission remains extant on 31 March 2021. At the 31 March 2021 there were 14 schemes under construction. The completion of all schemes under construction has the potential to deliver approximately 101,545 sq. metres of new floorspace. At the end of March 2021 there were 86 schemes (involving floorspace gain) with planning permission yet to start. The completion of all schemes yet to start has the potential to deliver approximately 509,000 sq. metres of new employment floorspace. Further analysis of the extant permissions demonstrates that approximately 80% (419,000 sq. metres) is B1A general offices.

4.3 Belfast LGD completions (gains) and remaining capacity by location

Table 3 sets out the completions (gains) by location over the period 01 April 2020 to 31 March 2021. It also sets out the remaining capacity by way of extant planning permissions for employment use by location and areas of developable land which are within existing employment locations (that is, land where there is no development under construction or that does not have an extant planning consent). In line with best practice a 40% building to plot ratio was applied to these areas to reflect the servicing, parking and landscaping requirements. As of the 31 March 2021 there is approximately 344,000 sq. metres of vacant land suitable for employment purposes

4.4 Belfast LGD completions (losses) and remaining potential losses by location

Table 4 outlines the completion (losses) by location over the period 01 April 2020 to 31 March 2021. It also sets out the remaining potential losses of employment uses to non-employment uses if all extant planning permissions are realised.

Table 1: Completions for Monitor period 01 April 2020 to 31 March 2021

	Office (B1A)		Call centres (B1B)		R & D (B1C)		Light industry (B2)		General Industry (B3)		Storage & Distribution (B4)		Total	
	Area (Ha)	m^2	Area (Ha)	m^2	Area (Ha)	m^2	Area (Ha)	m^2	Area (Ha)	m^2	Area (Ha)	m ²	Area (Ha)	m^2
Completed (gains) 01/04/2020- 31/03/2021	0.22	2,624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	100	1	2,724
Completed (losses) 01/04/2020- 31/03/2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change	0.2	2,624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	100	0.5	2,724

Table 2: Totals for development on-going, extant permissions (gains & losses)

	Offic	e (B1A)	Cal cent (B1	res		& D 1C)		ndustry 32)		neral try (B3)	Distr	rage & ibution (B4)	Mixe	d Emp	emplo	cant syment nd	To	otal
	Area (Ha)	m²	Area (Ha)	m²	Area (Ha)	m ²	Area (Ha)	m²	Area (Ha)	m ²	Area (Ha)	m ²	Area (Ha)	m ²	Area (Ha)	m ²	Area (Ha)	m²
Development on-going at 31-03-21	5.38	82,077	0	0	0	0	0.18	874	0	0	0	0	1.9	18,594	*	*	7	101,545
Not started gains- Full & Outline at 31-03-21	66.86	419,114	0	0	0.03	6,180	36.06	18,425	40	35,050	9.34	18,664	40.5	12,376	*	*	192.79	509,809
Sub-total	72.24	501,191	0	0	0.03	6180	36.24	19299	40	35050	9.34	18664	42.4	30970	*	*	200	611,354
Jub-total	12.24	501,131	L		0.03	0100	30.24	13233	40	33030	3.34	10004	44.4	30310			200	011,334
Losses not started at 31.03.31	4.12	34,734	0	0	0	0	2.02	8,966	0.54	6,000	1.84	8,511	0.54	5,619	0.9	5,101	9.06	68,931
Net Total	68.12	466,457	0	0	0.03	6,180	34.22	10,333	39.46	29,050	7.5	10,153	41.86	18,594	0.9	5,101	191.19	542,423

^{*}For vacant employment land not covered by an existing planning consent please refer to table 3.

Table 3: Completions (gains) and remaining potential gains by location

		Completions (sqm)	Remaining Capacity (sqm)				
Ref No	Location	01-04-2020 to 31-03- 2021	Extant permissions & under construction	Vacant developable land			
CC	City Centre	2480	300,799	•			
ML 08	Kilwee Industrial Estate, Dunmurry	0	0	811			
BT 005/05	Hillview Road	0	4428	1,415			
BT 005/19	Ballygomartin Industrial Estate, Ballygomartin Road	0	0	1,487			
BT 005/10	Glenbank Business Park, Crumlin Road	0	0	11,986			
BT 005/25	North Howard Link	0	0	0			
BT 005/15	Kennedy Way	0	4386	0			
BT 005/04	Castlereagh Road	0	0	2,260			
MCH 09	Prince Regent Road	0	0	0			
ML 07	Springbank Industrial Estate	0	0	36,343			
BT 005/13	Ravenhill Business Park	0	937	0			
BT 005/09	Shore Road/Skegioneill Street	0	0	629			
BT 004	Land At Springfield Road (Former Mackie's Site)	0	0	65,122			
BT 005/11	Donegall Road	0	0	0			
BT 005/08	Duncairn Gardens	0	2256	341			
BHA 06	Belfast Harbour	244	58107	117,947			
BT 005/17	Westlink Enterprise Centre, Distillery Street	0	0	1,280			
MCH 10	Montgomery Road	0	3097	0			
BT 005/20	Lanark Way	0	1162	2,000			
BT 005/07	York Road Including Jennymount Business Park	0	627	0			
BT 005/12	Stockmans Way	0	365	0			
MCH 11	Ballygowan Road	0	0	0			
BT 005/02	Island Street/Ballymacarrett Road	0	0	334			
BT 005/21	Argyle Business Park, Shankill Road	0	874	0			
BT 005/01	Newtownards Road/Tamar Steet	0	0	0			
BT 005/18	Springfield Road	0	0	7,675			
BT 005/22	Agnes Street Industrial Estate	0	0	0			
BT 005/03	East Belfast Enterprise Park	0	0	0			
BT 005/23	Louden Street/Townsend Street	0	0	0			
BT 005/16	Whiterock Industrial Estate, Springfield Road	0	12635	9,564			
BT 005/26	Conway Street	0	0	0			
BT 005/06	Cambrai Street	0	223	0			

Table 3: Completions (gains) and remaining potential gains by location

		Completions (sqm)	Remaining Cap	acity (sqm)
Ref No	Location	01-04-2020 to 31-03- 2021	Extant permissions & under construction	Vacant developable land
BT 005/24	Andrews Mill, Divis Street	0	0	0
BT 005/14	Glen Road	0	57	0
BHA 01	Titanic Quarter	0	95277	0
BT 002	Land At Monagh Bypass / Upper Springfield Road		4030	0
ML 05	Seymour Industrial Estate	0	0	3,453
BHA04	D3, Airport Road West	0	0	81,981
ROC	Rest of City	0	122094	0
		Total	611,354	344,628
		Combined total	955,98	32

Table 4: Completions (losses) and remaining potential losses by location

		Completed losses (sqm)	Remaining potential losses (sqm)
Ref No	Location	01-04-2020 to 31-03- 2021	Remaining commitments at 31-03- 2021
CC	City Centre	0	35,020
ML 08	Kilwee Industrial Estate, Dunmurry	0	0
BT 005/05	Hillview Road	0	750
BT 005/19	Ballygomartin Industrial Estate, Ballygomartin Road	0	0
BT 005/10	Glenbank Business Park, Crumlin Road	0	0
BT 005/25	North Howard Link	0	0
BT 005/15	Kennedy Way	0	0
BT 005/04	Castlereagh Road	0	0
MCH 09	Prince Regent Road	0	0
ML 07	Springbank Industrial Estate	0	0
BT 005/13	Ravenhill Business Park	0	0
BT 005/09	Shore Road/Skegioneill Street	0	0
BT 004	Land At Springfield Road (Former Mackie's Site)	0	0
BT 005/11	Donegall Road	0	0
BT 005/08	Duncairn Gardens	0	0
BHA 06	Belfast Harbour	0	1,221
BT 005/17	Westlink Enterprise Centre, Distillery Street	0	0
MCH 10	Montgomery Road	0	0
BT 005/20	Lanark Way	0	3,880
BT 005/07	York Road Including Jennymount Business Park	0	0
BT 005/12	Stockmans Way	0	561
MCH 11	Ballygowan Road	0	0
BT 005/02	Island Street/Ballymacarrett Road	0	0
BT 005/21	Argyle Business Park, Shankill Road	0	0
BT 005/01	Newtownards Road/Tamar Street	0	0
BT 005/18	Springfield Road	0	0
BT 005/22	Agnes Street Industrial Estate	0	0
BT 005/03	East Belfast Enterprise Park	0	0
BT 005/23	Louden Street/Townsend Street	0	0
BT 005/16	Whiterock Industrial Estate, Springfield Road	0	0
BT 005/26	Conway Street	0	0
BT 005/06	Cambrai Street	0	1,672

Table 4: Completions (losses) and remaining potential losses by location

BT 005/24	Andrews Mill, Divis Street	0	0
		Completed losses (sqm)	Remaining potential losses (sqm)
Ref No	Location	01-04-2020 to 31-03- 2021	Remaining commitments at 31-03- 2021
BT 002	Land At Monagh Bypass /. Upper Springfield Road	0	0
ML 05	Seymour Industrial Estate	0	0
ROC	Rest Of City	0	25,827
		Total	68,931

Appendix A: Summary Methodology

The employment land monitor measures net gains and losses in employment floorspace within the Belfast City Council area. It provides a snapshot of the amount of land available for employment as of 1st April each year. The Monitor demonstrates the presence of an adequate and continuous supply of employment land in the city and provides evidence to inform the preparation of the Local Development Plan and to make planning decisions. The Monitor presents a register of potential housing land, based on current planning policy designations and planning permissions, rather than an accurate picture of viable housing land.

An Urban Capacity Study will be undertaken from time to time to assess the suitability, availability and achievability of monitored sites to ensure the land required to facilitate the required jobs growth over the plan period is met. An Urban Capacity Study for Belfast was published in March 2018. (https://www.belfastcity.gov.uk/getmedia/3794156e-b2b5-4437-ab36-2f13f2f4f742/DPS028_Evi-05.pdf)

